

Malaria Consortium at 10 Linking the Community to Health Systems

Helen Counihan 25 February 2014









Introduction

Inequitable geographical distribution of resources and health workforces is a recurring challenge –

weak systems particularly at peripheral level



- Health system strengthening has been a core principle for Malaria Consortium since our foundation
- Extending support and services to community level to increase the coverage of quality healthcare to the hardestto-reach

Health systems strengthening approach

CLOVER PROJECT



Capacity building

Project management and planning

Supply chain management

Monitoring and evaluation

Data management

Quality assurance systems

Private sector support

Community ownership

Strengthened by operational research

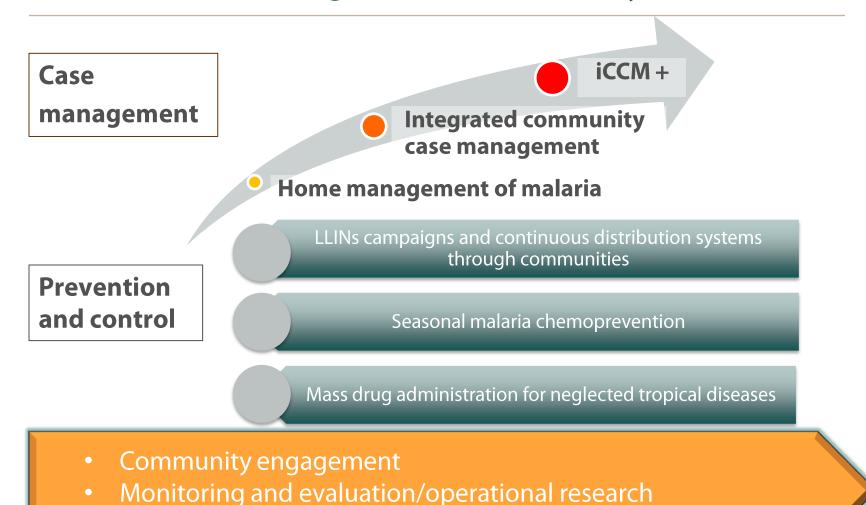
DRUGMAN

Support to Malaria Programme





Linking to the community



PREVENTION DIAGNOSIS TREATMENT RESEARCH

mHealth



LEARNINGS

Connections Strengthen Delivery

Support MoH to map activities and partners for a harmonised approach





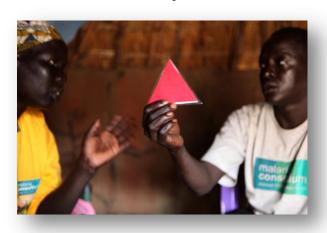
Involvement of peripheral health facilities to support community-based initiatives

One size does NOT fit all

Understanding of context to inform activity design



Materials adapted to local context and field tested





The community needs to lead

Invest in discussion and explanation before implementation to promote ownership



Promote and support capacity of communities to manage their own health





Maintaining quality is a long term commitment

Training is the first step, needs sustained follow-up

Supervision that is supportive and supervisors that are supported





Seeing is believing – developing the evidence base





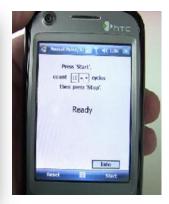
New innovations don't really work "off-the-shelf"

Need to assess how to introduce into context for most impact:

Diagnostic tools for pneumonia







Nutrition in iCCM







Changing the landscape

- National examples:
 - Uganda consensus workshops for national policy on RDTs
 - Nigeria and Uganda experience informed national iCCM guidelines
 - South Sudan largescale funding to include nutrition in iCCM
- Global examples:
 - WHO manual on universal access to malaria diagnostic testing
 - UNICEF-led global iCCM evidence review including impact
 - Global CCM Task Force/CCM operational research group
 - Pneumonia Innovations Team (MDG Health Alliance)
 - Role of mobile and village malaria workers in expanding reach to populations most at risk of artemisinin resistant malaria Asia
 - WHO recommendations on universal coverage of LLINs

Looking ahead at key priorities coming up

- Integration of community based care across illnesses including maternal and newborn health, nutrition and NTDs
- Use of technology to strengthen healthcare delivery at all levels of service delivery
- How to deliver healthcare to the hardest-to-reach?
- How to achieve high quality at all levels?
- Long-term role and scope of community level health services?
- Understanding the economics of health service delivery through various channels



a decade in communicable disease control and child health

www.malariaconsortium.org

Thank you







